1 2 3	ORDINANCE NO. 17
3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF BOYNTON BEACH, FLORIDA, AMENDING CHAPTER 15, "OFFENSES - MISCELLANEOUS" OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES, BY CREATING A NEW ARTICLE XIII, TO PROHIBIT THE PRACTICE OF CONVERSION THERAPY ON MINORS; PROVIDING FOR CONFLICTS, SEVERABILITY, CODIFICATION AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.
12 13 14 15 16	WHEREAS, as recognized by major professional associations of mental health practitioners and researchers in the United States and elsewhere for nearly 40 years, being lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender or gender nonconforming, or questioning (LGBT or LGBTQ) is not a mental disease, disorder or illness, deficiency or shortcoming; and
17 18 19 20 21	WHEREAS , the American Academy of Pediatrics in 1993 published an article in its Journal, stating: "Therapy directed at specifically changing sexual orientation is contraindicated, since it can provoke guilt and anxiety while having little or no potential for achieving changes in orientation;" and
22 23 24 25 26	WHEREAS , the American Psychiatric Association in December 1998 published its opposition to any psychiatric treatment, including reparative or conversion therapy, which therapy regime is based upon the assumption that homosexuality is a mental disorder <i>per se</i> of that a patient should change his or her homosexual orientation; ² and
26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	WHEREAS, the American Psychological Association's Task Force on Appropriate Therapeutic Responses to Sexual Orientation ("APA Task Force") conducted a systematic review of peer-reviewed journal literature on sexual orientation change efforts ("SOCE"), and issued its report in 2009, citing research that sexual orientation change efforts can pose critical health risks to lesbian, gay, and bisexual people, including confusion, depression, guilt helplessness, hopelessness, shame, social withdrawal, suicidality, substance abuse, stress disappointment, self-blame, decreased self-esteem and authenticity to others, increased self-hatred, hostility and blame toward parents, feelings of anger and betrayal, loss of friends and potential romantic partners, problems in sexual and emotional intimacy, sexual dysfunction high-risk sexual behaviors, a feeling of being dehumanized and untrue to self, a loss of faith and a sense of having wasted time and resources; ³ and
38 39 40 41 42	WHEREAS, following the report issued by the APA Task Force, the American Psychological Association in 2009 issued a resolution on Appropriate Affirmative Responses to Sexual Orientation Distress and Change Efforts, advising parents, guardians, young people and their families to avoid sexual orientation change efforts that portray homosexuality as a

¹ http://pediatrics.aappublications.org/content/pediatrics/92/4/631.full.pdf
2 https://www.camft.org/ias/images/PDFs/SOCE/APA_Position_Statement.pdf
3 https://www.apa.org/pi/lgbt/resources/therapeutic-response.pdf

mental illness or developmental disorder and to seek psychotherapy, social support, and educational services that provide accurate information on sexual orientation and sexuality, increase family and school support, and reduce rejection of sexual minority youth; 4 and

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WHEREAS, the American Psychoanalytic Association in June 2012 issued a position statement on conversion therapy efforts, articulating that "As with any societal prejudice, bias against individuals based on actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression negatively affects mental health, contributing to an enduring sense of stigma and pervasive self-criticism through the internalization of such prejudice" and that psychoanalytic technique "does not encompass purposeful attempts to 'convert,' 'repair,' change or shift an individual's sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression," such efforts being inapposite to "fundamental principles of psychoanalytic treatment and often result in substantial psychological pain by reinforcing damaging internalized attitudes;"⁵ and

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WHEREAS, the American Academy of Child & Adolescent Psychiatry in 2012 published an article in its Journal stating that clinicians should be aware that there is "no evidence that sexual orientation can be altered through therapy and that attempts to do so may be harmful;" that there is "no medically valid basis for attempting to prevent homosexuality, which is not an illness;" and that such efforts may encourage family rejection and undermine self-esteem, connectedness and caring, important protective factors against suicidal ideation and attempts; and that, for similar reasons cumulatively stated above, carrying the risk of significant harm, SOCE is contraindicated⁶; and

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WHEREAS, the Pan American Health Organization, a regional office of the World Health Organization, issued a statement in 2012 stating: "These supposed conversion therapies constitute a violation of the ethical principles of health care and violate human rights that are protected by international and regional agreements." The organization also noted that conversion therapies "lack medical justification and represent a serious threat to the health and well-being of affected people;"7 and

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WHEREAS, in 2014 the American School Counselor Association issued a position statement that states: "It is not the role of the professional school counselor to attempt to change a student's sexual orientation or gender identity. Professional school counselors do not support efforts by licensed mental health professionals to change a student's sexual orientation or gender as these practices have been proven ineffective and harmful;"8 and

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WHEREAS, a 2015 report of the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, a division of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, "Ending Conversion Therapy: Supporting and Affirming LGBTQ Youth" further reiterates based on

⁴ http://www.apa.org/about/policy/sexual-orientation.pdf

⁵http://www.apsa.org/content/2012-position-statement-attempts-change-sexual-orientation-gender-identity-orgender

⁶ http://www.jaacap.com/article/S0890-8567(12)00500-X/pdf

http://www.paho.org/hq/index.php?option=com content&view=article&id=6803%3A2012-therapies-changesexual-orientation-lack-medical-justification-threaten-health&catid=740%3Apressreleases&Itemid=1926&lang=en

https://www.schoolcounselor.org/asca/media/asca/PositionStatements/PS_LGBTQ.pdf

scientific literature that conversion therapy efforts to change an individual's sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression is a practice not supported by credible evidence and has been disavowed by behavioral health experts and associations, perpetuates outdated views of gender roles and identities, negative stereotypes, stating, importantly, that such therapy may put young people at risk of serious harm, and recognizing that, same-gender sexual orientation (including identity, behavior, and attraction) is part of the normal spectrum of human diversity and does not constitute a mental disorder; and

WHEREAS, the American College of Physicians wrote a position paper in 2015 opposing the use of "conversion," "reorientation," or "reparative" therapy for the treatment of LGBT persons, stating that "[a]vailable research does not support the use of reparative therapy as an effective method in the treatment of LGBT persons. Evidence shows that the practice may actually cause emotional or physical harm to LGBT individuals, particularly adolescents or young persons;" and

WHEREAS, at least one federal appeals court¹¹ found that a prohibition of SOCE does not violate first amendment rights and noted that the subject ordinance only required mental health providers who wish to engage in practices that seek to change a minor's sexual orientation either to wait until the minor turns 18 or be subject to professional discipline, leaving mental health providers free to discuss or recommend treatment and to express their views on any topic; and

 WHEREAS, the City does not intend to prevent mental health providers from speaking to the public about SOCE; expressing their views to patients; recommending SOCE to patients; administering SOCE to any person who is 18 years of age or older; or referring minors to unlicensed counselors, such as religious leaders. This ordinance does not prevent unlicensed providers, such as religious leaders, from administering SOCE to children or adults; nor does it prevent minors from seeking SOCE from mental health providers in other political subdivisions or states outside of the City of Boynton Beach, Florida; and

WHEREAS, City of Boynton Beach has a compelling interest in protecting the physical and psychological well-being of minors, including but not limited to lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and questioning youth, and in protecting its minors against exposure to serious harms caused by sexual orientation and gender identity change efforts; and

WHEREAS, the City Commission hereby finds the overwhelming research demonstrating that sexual orientation and gender identity change efforts can pose critical health risks to lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender or questioning persons, and that being lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender or questioning is not a mental disease, mental disorder, mental illness, deficiency, or shortcoming; and

WHEREAS, the City Commission finds minors receiving treatment from licensed therapists in the City of Boynton Beach, FL who may be subject to conversion or reparative

⁹ http://store.samhsa.gov/shin/content/SMA15-4928/SMA15-4928.pdf

http://annals.org/article.aspx?articleid=2292051 Pickup v. Brown, 740 F3d 1208 (9th Cir. 2014)

therapy are not effectively protected by other means, including, but not limited to, other state statutes, local ordinances, or federal legislation; and

WHEREAS, the City Commission desires to prohibit, within the geographic boundaries of the City, the practice of sexual orientation or gender identity change efforts on minors by licensed therapists only, including reparative and/or conversion therapy, which have been demonstrated to be harmful to the physical and psychological well-being of lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and questioning persons.

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED BY THE CITY COMMISSION OF

THE CITY OF BOYNTON BEACH, THAT:

Section 1. The foregoing "Whereas" clauses are true and correct and incorporated herein by this reference.

<u>Section 2.</u> That Chapter 15, is hereby amended by creating a new Article XIII, entitled Prohibition of Conversion Therapy on Minors, to read as follows:

ARTICLE XII: PROHIBITION OF CONVERSION THERAPY ON MINORS

Sec. 15-134. - Intent.

 The Intent of this Ordinance is to protect the physical and psychological well-being of minors, including but not limited to lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and/or questioning youth, from exposure to the serious harms and risks caused by conversion therapy or reparative therapy by licensed providers, including but not limited to licensed therapists. These provisions are exercises of police power of the City for the public safety, health, and welfare; and its provisions shall be liberally construed to accomplish that purpose.

Sec. 15-135. - Definitions.

(a) Conversion therapy or reparative therapy means, interchangeably, any counseling, practice or treatment performed with the goal of changing an individual's sexual orientation or gender identity, including, but not limited to, efforts to change behaviors, gender identity, or gender expression, or to eliminate or reduce sexual or romantic attractions or feelings toward individuals of the same gender or sex. Conversion therapy does not include counseling that provides support and assistance to a person undergoing gender transition or counseling that provides acceptance, support, and understanding of a person or facilitates a person's coping, social support, and development, including sexual orientation-neutral interventions to prevent or address unlawful conduct or unsafe sexual practices, as long as such counseling does not seek to change sexual orientation or gender identity.

166 167	(b) <i>Minor</i> means any person less than eighteen (18) years of age.
168	(b) Williof filearis any person less than eighteen (10) years of age.
169	(c) Provider means any person who is licensed by the State of Florida to provide
170	professional counseling, or who performs counseling as part of his or her
171	professional training under Chapters 456, 458, 459, 490 or 491 of the Florida
172	Statutes, as such chapters may be amended, including but not limited to, medica
173	practitioners, osteopathic practitioners, psychologists, psychotherapists, socia
174	workers, marriage and family therapists, and licensed counselors. A Provider
175	does not include members of the clergy who are acting in their roles as clergy or
176	pastoral counselors and providing religious counseling to congregants, as long as
177	they do not hold themselves out as operating pursuant to any of the
178	aforementioned Florida Statutes licenses.
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180	Sec. 15-136 Conversion therapy prohibited.
181	It shall be contacted for any Davidson to constitute and contact the constitute of the contact o
182 183	It shall be unlawful for any Provider to practice conversion therapy efforts on any individual who is a minor regardless of whether the person receives monetary
184	compensation in exchange for such services.
185	compensation in exchange for such services.
186	Sec. 15-137 Enforcement and civil penalties.
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188	Violations of this article may be enforced as follows:
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190	(a) The City Code Enforcement Special Master shall have jurisdiction to hear and
191	decide cases in which violations of this Chapter are alleged, or
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193	(b) The City may enforce the provision of this Code by supplemental Code or
194	Ordinance enforcement procedures as provided by Part 2 of Chapter 162, Florida
195	Statutes, or
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197	(c) The City may prosecute violations by issuance of Notices to Appear for violation
198	of a City Ordinance, in which case, the penalty for each violation shall be
199	\$500.00, or
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201	(d) The City Attorney, with authorization from the City Commission, may bring suit
202	on behalf of the City to enjoin any violation of this article.
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206	Section 3. Each and every other provision of Chapter 15, of the Code of Ordinances
207	of the City of Boynton Beach not herein specifically amended shall remain in full force and
208	effect as previously enacted.
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209 210	Section 4. All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict has are hereby repealed.	nerewit	h be and	the
211 212 213	Section 5. Should any section or provision of this ordinance or paragraph, sentence or word be declared by a court of competent jurisd such decision shall not affect the remainder of this ordinance.			
214	Section 6. Authority is hereby granted to codify said ordinance	·-		
215	Section 7. This ordinance shall become effective immediately	upon pa	assage.	
216	FIRST READING this day of, 2017.			
217218219	SECOND, FINAL READING AND PASSAGE this, 2017.		_ day	of
220 221	CITY OF BOYNTON BEACH, FLORIDA			
222223224		YES	NO	
225 226	Mayor – Steven B. Grant			
227 228	Vice Mayor – Mack McCray			
229 230	Commissioner – Justin Katz			
231 232	Commissioner – Christina L. Romelus			
233234	Commissioner – Joe Casello			
235236	VOTE		_	
237 238 239 240	ATTEST:			
241 242	Judith A. Pyle, CMC			
243244245	City Clerk			
246247248	(Corporate Seal)			